Neuse River Council of Governments d/b/a Eastern Carolina Council New Bern, North Carolina

Financial and Compliance Reports Year Ended June 30, 2014

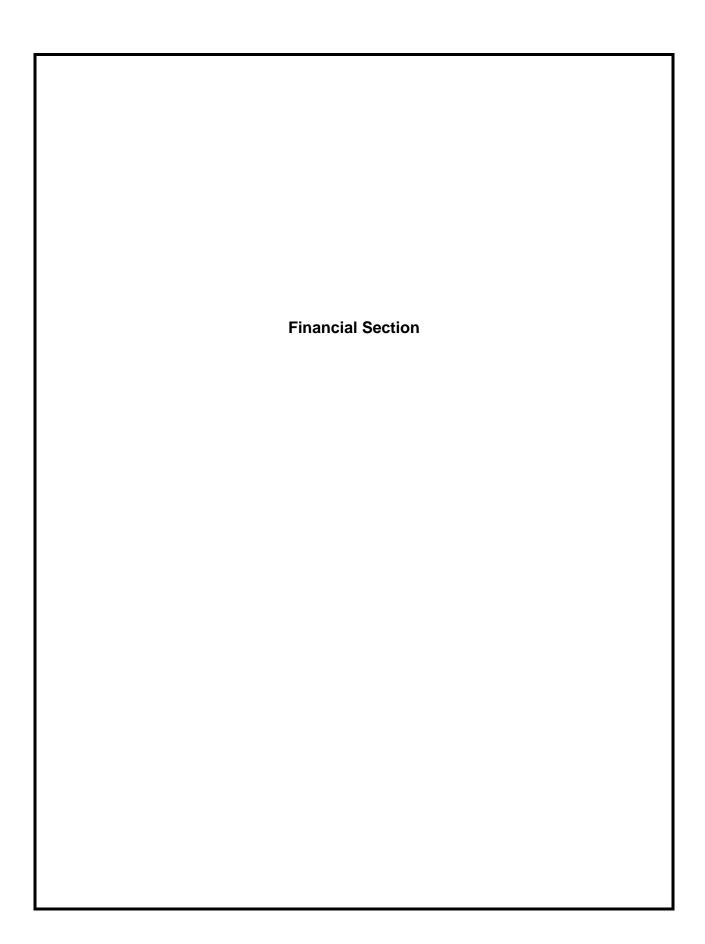
Eastern Carolina Council of Government d/b/a Eastern Carolina Council New Bern, North Carolina

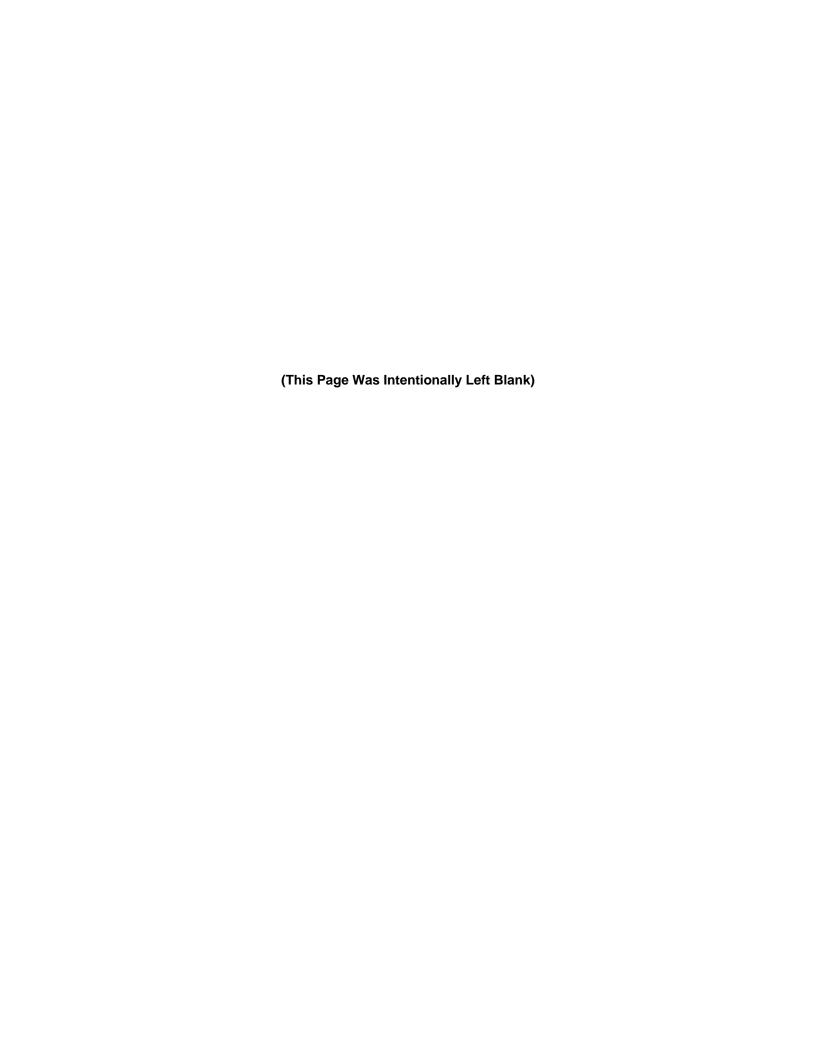
Executive Committee Members

Name	Title	County	Position
Denny Garner	President	Greene	County Commissioner
Shane Turney	1st Vice President	Craven	Town of Trent Woods, Mayor Pro Tem
Robin Comer	2nd Vice Present	Carteret	County Commissioner
Edward Riggs, Jr.	Treasurer	Pamlico	Mayor Pro-Tern of Alliance
James "Jay" Bender, Jr.	Member	Jones	Mayor of Pollocksville
Pat Prescott	Member	Pamlico	County Commissioner
Sam Blizzard	Member	Duplin	Commissioner of Beulaville
Edward Cromartie	Member	Wayne	County Commissioner
Larry Gladney	Member	Lenoir	LaGrange Town Council
The Honorable Ray McDonald Sr.	Member	Wayne	Mayor of Mount Olive
Dick Macartney	Member	Onslow	N. Topsail Beach Alderman
Arthur Robinson	Member	Greene	Commissioner of Hookerton
William "Bill" Taylor	Member	Carteret	Councilman of Morehead City
Kennedy Thompson	Member	Duplin	County Commissioner
Steve Tyson	Member	Craven	County Commissioner

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Executive Committee
Neuse River Council of Governments d/b/a Eastern Carolina Council
New Bern, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Neuse River Council of Governments d/b/a Eastern Carolina Council (the "Council"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Council as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements. The schedules listed on pages 31-35, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and the State Single Audit Implementation Act on pages 45-51, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying schedules on pages 31-35 and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards on pages 45-51 are the responsibility of management and are derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying schedules and the schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2014 on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Council's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

New Bern, NC November 10, 2014

McGladrey LLP





Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

This section of the Neuse River Council of Governments d/b/a Eastern Carolina Council ("Council") financial report represents management's discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Council for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This information should be read in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Council's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Regional councils are multi-county planning and development agencies serving different areas of the state. Membership in these councils is voluntary. In North Carolina, the Council is one of sixteen councils that share similar economic, physical and social characteristics.

Financial Highlights

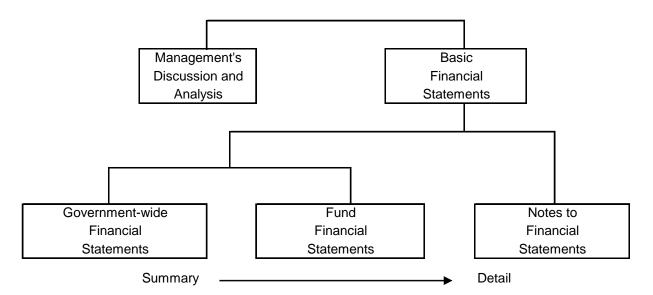
The assets of the Council exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$520,090 (**net position**).

- The Council's total net position increased by \$30,395 during the fiscal year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Council's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$520,090.
- The Council's fiscal obligation for accumulated personal leave amounts to \$46,159 at June 30, 2014.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Council's basic financial statements. Council's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Council through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Council.

Figure 1
Required Components of Annual Financial Report



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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Pages 9 and 10) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Council's financial status.

The next statements (Pages 11, 12, 13 and 14) are the **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Council's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes can be found in this part of the statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **Notes to Financial Statements**. The notes to financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplementary information** is provided to show details about the Council's individual funds. More budgetary information required by the General Statutes can be found in this part of the statements as well as the statement of changes in the fiduciary (agency) fund.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Council's finances on the accrual basis, similar in format to financial statements of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Council's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Council's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Council's total assets plus any deferred outflows and total liabilities plus any deferred inflows. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Council's financial condition.

The government-wide statements present governmental activities only, as the Council has no business-type activities or discretely presented component units. The governmental activities include the Council's basic services. State and federal grant funds finance most of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements are on Pages 9 and 10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Council's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Council, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Council's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Council can be divided into two categories: governmental funds (including the general fund and the special revenue fund) and one fiduciary fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. All of the Council's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Council's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in reconciliations that are a part of the fund financial statements.

The Council adopts an annual budget for all Funds as required by North Carolina General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Council's member local governments, the management of the Council, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Council to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Council complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Council succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting (the modified accrual basis) and is presented using the same format, language and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board, 2) the final budget as amended by the board, 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund, and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources received and held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. The Council has one agency fund.

Notes to Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 15 through 28 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain other supplementary information. That information can be found beginning on page 31 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Table 1
Condensed Statements of Net Position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013

	Governmental Activities				
	2014			2013	
Assets					
Current and other assets	\$	1,052,139	\$	868,013	
Capital assets		31,236		46,452	
Total assets		1,083,375		914,465	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities		505,018		381,573	
Long-term liabilities		46,159		43,197	
Unearned revenue		12,108			
Total liabilities		563,285		424,770	
Net position:					
Net invested in capital assets		18,615		28,542	
Restricted		159,348		223,210	
Unrestricted		342,127		237,943	
Total net position	\$	520,090	\$	489,695	

Net assets may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Council exceeded liabilities by \$520,090 as of June 30, 2014. The Council's net position increased by \$30,395 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. \$18,615 of net position reflects the Council's net investment in its capital assets; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. \$159,348 of net assets is restricted and the remaining balance of \$342,127 is unrestricted.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)

Table 2
Condensed Statements of Net Activities for the Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	Governmen	ital A	ctivities
	2014		2013
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 92,336	\$	155,882
Operating grants and contributions	5,265,069		5,531,053
General revenues:			
Grants and contributions not program restricted	162,889		176,980
Investment earnings	 2		242
Total revenues	5,520,296		5,864,157
Expenses:			
General government	109,095		51,955
Transportation	256,916		303,020
Environmental protection	18,339		5,651
Economic and physical development	115,025		179,730
Human services	 4,990,526		5,149,240
Total expenses	5,489,901		5,689,596
Change in net position	30,395		174,561
Net position, beginning of year	489,695		315,134
Net position, June 30	\$ 520,090	\$	489,695

Governmental activities increased the Council's net position by \$30,395 thereby accounting for 100% of the total increase in the net position of the Council. The Council's revenues and expenses decreased by \$343,861 and \$199,695, respectively, from fiscal year 2013 to fiscal year 2014. The primary cause of the decrease in revenues and expenses was the federal sequester that took place during the fiscal year as well as a reduction in workforce.

Financial Analysis of the Council's Funds

As noted earlier, the Council uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Council's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Council's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Council. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance was \$530,848 for the general fund, of which \$371,500 was unassigned. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. General fund unassigned fund balance represents 109.7% of total general fund expenditures before indirect cost allocation.

At June 30, 2014, the governmental funds of the Council reported a combined fund balance of \$522,089, a 10.9% increase over the June 30, 2013 combined balance due to current year revenue in excess of expenditures.

Governmental Funds Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the Council revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: (1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; (2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and State grants; and (3) increased in appropriations that become necessary to maintain service.

The Council made several budget amendments due to increases or decreases in federal and State funding for various programs, and decreases in general administration. Total amendments to the Council's budget increased budgeted revenues by \$231,616. This increase is primarily due to federal and state increased funding for multiple programs and projects.

As noted earlier, the Council uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Capital assets. The Council's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2014 totals \$18,615 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include furniture, fixtures, software and equipment used for operations and are scheduled in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Budgetary Highlights for the Coming Fiscal Year

The Council adopted a budget of \$7,438,216 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 which is a thirty four percent (34.6%) or \$1,912,817 increase from the original adopted budget for the previous year. The increase is primarily due an increase in expected state funding in the Aging program. The contribution rate of .353 cents per capita for member governments to the Council remains the same. The Council has a positive outlook for the upcoming year.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Council's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to:

Judy Hills, Executive Director
Neuse River Council of Governments
d/b/a Eastern Carolina Council
233 Middle Street, 3rd Floor
PO Box 1717
New Bern, NC 28563-1717
(252) 638-3185, Ext 3005
jhills@eccog.org

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 382,811
Accounts receivable	28,270
Awards receivable	641,058
Total current assets	1,052,139
Notes receivable	12,621
Capital assets, net of depreciation	18,615
Total assets	1,083,375
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	57,539
Due to member counties	447,479
Unearned revenue	12,108
Total current liabilities	517,126
Long-term liabilities	46,159
Total liabilities	563,285
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	18,615
Restricted	159,348
Unrestricted	342,127
Total net position	\$ 520,090

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2014

		D		Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position		
			m Revenues	Primary		
		Charges	Operating	Government		
Functions/Dragrams	Evnances	for Services	Grants and Contributions	Governmental		
Functions/Programs Governmental activities:	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities		
General Government	\$ 109,095	\$ 92,336	\$ -	\$ (16,759)		
Transportation	256,916	φ 92,330	256,674	(242)		
Environmental Protection	18,339	_	18,340	1		
Economic and Physical Development	115,025	_	68,845	(46,180)		
Human Services	4,990,526	_	4,921,210	(69,316)		
Total governmental activities	\$ 5,489,901	\$ 92,336	\$ 5,265,069	(132,496)		
	General revent Local dues Unrestricted	162,889 2 162,891				
	. Otta	102,001				
	Change in net	30,395				
	Net position,	489,695				
	Net position,	end of year		\$ 520,090		

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

	Major Funds				_	
		General		Special Revenue		Total overnmental Funds
Assets	_		_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	382,811	\$	-	\$	382,811
Accounts receivable		28,270		-		28,270
Awards receivable		-		641,058		641,058
Notes receivable		-		12,621		12,621
Due from other funds		136,822	_	-	- —	136,822
Total assets		547,903	\$	653,679	\$	1,201,582
Liabilities and fund balance (deficit)						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	11,311	\$	46,228	\$	57,539
Due to member counties		-		447,479		447,479
Due to other funds		-		136,822		136,822
Unearned revenue		-		12,108		12,108
Total liabilities		11,311		642,637		653,948
Defermed believes of Becomes						
Deferred Inflows of Resources	¢	E 744	¢	40.904	¢	25 545
Unavailable grant receivables Total deferred inflows of resources		5,744	\$	19,801	\$	25,545
Total deferred inflows of resources		5,744		19,801		25,545
Fund balance (deficit)						
Nonspendable						
Notes receivable		-		12,621		12,621
Restricted						
Stabilized by State statute		159,348		609,149		768,497
Unassigned fund balance		371,500		(630,529)		(259,029)
Total fund balance (deficit)		530,848		(8,759)		522,089
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balance (deficit)	\$	547,903	\$	653,679	_	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the sare different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are	tatemen	t of net posit		·	•	
resources and therefore are not reported in the						18,615
Revenues are recognized when measurable and) ,				,
therefore unavailable revenues are considered						
inflows of resources in the fund financial statem						25,545
Some liabilities, including accrued	2 .					
vacation are not due and payable in the current	period a	ınd				
therefore are not reported in the funds	,	•				(46,159)
Net position of governmental activities					\$	520,090

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Deficit)
Governmental Funds - Annual Budget and Actual
General and Major Special Revenue Funds, with Total Governmental Funds Actual
Year Ended June 30, 2014

					Gene	ral		
		Budgeted	l Am	ounts				nce with Final get Favorable
		Original		Final	/	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues Federal government grants State government grants Local contributions Interest income Contract services In-kind	\$	- - 176,980 150 - -	\$	- 176,980 150 -	\$	- - 162,889 2 86,592 -	\$	- (14,091) (148) 86,592
Total revenues		177,130		177,130		249,483		72,353
Expenditures General government Transportation Environmental protection Economic and physical development Human services Total expenditures Revenues over (under) expenditures	=	181,937 - - - - 181,937 (4,807)		269,687 - - - 269,687 (92,557)		96,206 - - - - - 96,206 153,277		173,481 - - - - 173,481 245,834
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	_	121,672 121,672 116,865		92,557 92,557 -		- 117,844) 117,844) 35,433		(210,401) (210,401) 35,433
Appropriated fund balance		(116,865)		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	-		35,433	\$	35,433
Fund balance (deficit),beginning Fund balance (deficit), end of year					\$	495,415 530.848	-	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance (Deficit) of the General and Special Revenue Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the current period

Governmental funds recognize revenues when measurable and available Available is defined as cash to be received within 90 days. This is the amount of change from the previous year's amount

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources in governmental funds - Compensated absences

Change in net position of governmental activities

Total Governmental Funds

		0	-!-1	D			G	overnmentai
		Spe	cıaı	Revenue		Vaniana and Einal		Funds
Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final		
				A - 41		Budget Favorable		A - 4I
	Original	Final		Actual		(Unfavorable)		Actual
\$:	5,020,983	\$ 2,905,515	\$	3,369,984	\$		\$	3,369,984
	145,858	2,391,403		1,852,014		(539,389)		1,852,014
	42,449	49,698		47,025		(2,673)		209,914
	-	-		1,222		1,222		1,224
	134,979	227,269		3,952		(223,317)		90,544
	4,000	6,000		4,717		(1,283)		4,717
;	5,348,269	5,579,885		5,278,914		(300,971)		5,528,397
	-	-		-		-		96,206
	213,443	258,244		256,916		1,328		256,916
	3,973	17,116		18,339		(1,223)		18,339
	125,850	129,008		115,025		13,983		115,025
į	5,000,196	5,087,645		4,990,526		97,119		4,990,526
	5,343,462	5,492,013		5,380,806		111,207		5,477,012
	4,807	87,872		(101,892)		(189,764)		51,385
	·							·
	(121,672)	(92,557)		117,844		210,401		117,844
				-		-		(117,844)
	(121,672)	(92,557)		117,844		210,401		_
	(116,865)	(4,685)		15,952		20,637		51,385
	(110,000)	(4,000)		10,502		20,001		01,000
	116,865	4,685		-		(4,685)		-
	•	•				, , ,		
\$	-	\$ -		15,952	\$	15,952		51,385
				(24,711)				470,704
			\$	(8.759)	-		\$	522.089
			<u> </u>	(0)// (0)//	-			CZZIOCO
							\$	51,385
							•	- ,
								(9,927)
								. , ,
								(0.404)
								(8,101)
								(2,962)
							\$	30,395
								- 1000

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2014

Assets

Accounts receivable	\$ 11,048
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 11,048

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Neuse River Council of Governments d/b/a Eastern Carolina Council have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Council's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

Neuse River Council of Governments d/b/a Eastern Carolina Council ("the Council") was formed as a jointly governed entity on May 9, 1967 to perform and carry out such powers, duties and responsibilities as authorized by North Carolina legislation. The Council is one of the sixteen regional councils of government formed pursuant to the General Statutes of North Carolina, Chapter 160A, Article 20, Part 2. Membership in the Council is composed of local governmental units who have:

- 1. Made application to the Council by resolution and adoption of the Council Charter and Bylaws.
- 2. Received membership acceptance and approval by the Board of Directors.
- 3. Appropriated in their annual budgets the pro-rata assessment for the support of the Council's operation.
- 4. Paid their annual pro-rata membership dues and are otherwise members in good standing.

As described below, although the Council is accounted for as a governmental entity, the Council does not have the statutory authority to levy taxes or issue bonds.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Council has no component units, and is not a component unit of any other entity

B. Governance

The Board is constituted in a two-part governance:

- The Executive Committee meets on several occasions throughout the year and is comprised of the following:
 - a. One county commissioner appointed by the member county.
 - b. One city/town alderman or councilman representing a member municipality elected by caucus of the member municipalities in that county.
 - c. Maximum number of Executive Committee is eighteen.
 - d. Officers of the Board are elected from those serving on the Executive Committee.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- 2. General membership board meets twice a year and is comprised of the following:
 - a. The Executive Committee.
 - Additional members appointed as necessary to satisfy Federal requirements on Board composition. The Boards of County Commissioners of the appropriate counties would select these additional members.

Dues and administrative fees received from the related local governments amounted to \$162,889 for the year ended June 30, 2014. In addition, local governments contributed \$4,717 as in-kind contributions.

The officers of the Council consist of a president, a first and second vice-president, and a treasurer, all of whom are elected from and by the Board of Directors of the Council; and the Executive Director who serves as secretary.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government, and exclude any fiduciary funds. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and any business-type activities of a local government unit. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. The Council has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Council's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have not been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including member dues, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Council's funds. The Council currently maintains the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Council. The General Fund accounts for and reports all unrestricted resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Fund – The Special Revenue Fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or account for administrative action to expend funds for specified purposes. The primary revenue sources are federal and State grants, and the primary expenditures are for human services. The departments within this special revenue fund with current year operations are Transportation, Economic and Physical Development, Human Services, and Environmental Protection.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Council's fiduciary fund consists of:

The Coastal Coalition for Substance Abuse Prevention Fund – The agency fund is custodial in nature and does not involve the measurement of operating results. The fund is used to account for assets the Council holds on behalf of others. The Council maintains one agency fund for the purpose of accounting for the activities of CCSAP monies awarded to a regional nonprofit organization for which the Council acts as fiscal agent.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Council are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Council gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants. Revenues from grants are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Funds Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that long term obligations (debt, compensated absences) and claims and judgments are recognized when due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

The Council considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end. Those revenues susceptible to accrual are member's dues, investment earnings, technical assistance contracts and fees, and federal and State restricted intergovernmental revenues. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied, subject to meeting the available criterion. Grant receipts which are unearned at year-end are included in deferred inflows of resources.

E. Budgetary Data

The Council's budgets are adopted, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes, annually for all funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the program or project level. The Council's Budget Officer is authorized to transfer appropriations within a program or project; however, any revisions that alter total expenditure of any program must be approved by the governing board.

The appropriations are formally budgeted and legally controlled on a program or project basis. The annual budget, which is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting as required by North Carolina statute, is amended during the fiscal year by the Board of Directors, and the final budget amounts reflected in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance (deficit) represent the budget as amended to June 30, 2014. Unencumbered annual appropriations lapse at each fiscal year-end and must be re-appropriated in the following fiscal year's budget.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimate and assumptions that affect the reported assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Indirect Costs

Indirect costs in program or project expenditures are those costs not readily assignable to a program or incurred for a common or joint purpose benefiting more than one program or project. Indirect costs are charged to programs or projects during the year based on direct salaries and fringe benefits using a cost methodology plan approved by the United States Department of Commerce.

The United Stated Department of Commerce continues to be the cognizant agency for the Council. As a local government entity, and a public authority, the Council complies with the indirect cost methodology regulated by the Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Circular A-87 (revised 5/10/04), and the North Carolina State Treasurer Policies, Section 55, User Fees - Utilizing Expense / Expenditure Information.

Per definition of OMB A-87, the Council is a multi-function entity. The multi-functions include five (5) categories or functions: General Government, Transportation, Environmental Protection, Economic and Physical Development, and Human Services. To comply with the requirements of OMB A-87, E.C.1.b., the Council captures all indirect costs into one separate cost pool at the time of expenditure. On a monthly basis, the indirect costs are allocated to each function, and to individual awards and activities within that function, by means of the indirect cost methodology stated in A-87,E.C.3.e – direct salaries and wages. Each month a percentage relationship is determined between salaries of a particular award or activity and its relation to the total salaries for the Council as a whole. The determined percentage is applied to all indirect costs held in the pool. The indirect costs are then distributed to indirect line-items within each award or activity on that basis.

H. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Council are made in board-designated official depositories and are collateralized as required by North Carolina General Statute 159-31. The Council may designate as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. The Council may establish time deposits such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts and certificates of deposit.

All of the Council's deposits are either insured or collateralized under the Pooling Method, a system of state-wide single financial institution collateral pools, whereby all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Council, these deposits are considered to be held by the Council's agent in the Council's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Council or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Council under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each Pooling method depository. The Board has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but informally complies with North Carolina General Statute 159-31.

At June 30, 2014, the Council's deposits had a carrying amount of \$382,811 and a bank balance of \$409,761. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 is covered under FDIC insurance and \$159,761 is covered under the pooling method. The Council's non-interest bearing certificates of deposit in the amount of \$35,004, a requirement of the Council's current depository agreement, are included in the deposits.

North Carolina General Statute 159-30(c) authorizes the Council to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public Council; obligations of certain nonguaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). At June 30, 2014, the Council did not have any investments.

2. Notes Receivable

Loans are recognized as funds are loaned. Because the Council's notes receivable are long-term, they do not meet the definition of a current asset under the "current financial resources measurement focus" described above and, therefore, a like amount of the Council's special revenue fund balance is reported as nonspendable in the governmental funds balance sheet. Notes receivable determined to be uncollectible are shown in the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance as a reduction of fund balance. The amount of principal due within one year on notes receivable is considered immaterial.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements only and are defined by the Council as assets with an initial, individual cost greater than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the Council continued its policy to set the cost of capital assets at \$5,000. Therefore, capital assets meeting this policy threshold are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are listed at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. When an asset is disposed of, the cost of the asset and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the books.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Any gain or loss on disposition is reflected in the earnings for the period. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Furniture and equipment	7 - 10
Copiers	5 - 7
Computer software	3
Computer equipment	3 - 5

4. Compensated Absences

Employees may accumulate up to 240 hours earned personal leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. Accumulated earned personal leave at June 30, 2014 was \$46,159. The Council's liability for accumulated earned personal leave as of June 30, 2014 is recorded in the government-wide financial statements and is considered to be used on a LIFO basis, assuming that employees are taking leave time as it is earned. The current portion of the accumulated personal leave pay is not considered to be material and therefore, no current liability has been reported in the accompanying statement of net position.

Personal leave time accrued over the allowed 240 hours in any given month is rolled over as banked sick time. Employees can accumulate an unlimited amount of banked sick leave. Banked sick leave does not vest, but any unused banked sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Council has no obligation for accumulated bank sick leave, no accrual for banked sick leave has been made. Banked sick leave is expensed in the period when staff use their banked sick leave.

In the governmental fund financial statements, an expenditure and a liability for compensated absences is recorded when payable, which occurs when the personal leave or sick leave is used or upon termination of an employee.

5. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the balance sheet - governmental funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore is not recognized as revenue until that time. The Council at times has deferred inflows reported in the Governmental Balance Sheet due to receivables not being available within 90 days.

6. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

Fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements is composed of three classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental fund balance types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Notes Receivable – Portion of fund balance that is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balances, of Council expenses for the coming year prepaid during the current year, which is not a spendable resource.

Restricted fund balance:

Restricted for Stabilization of State Statute – Portion of fund balance, which is not available for appropriation under North Carolina General Statute 159-8(a). This amount is usually comprised of accounts receivable and interfund receivables, which are not offset by unavailable receivables.

Unassigned fund balance – The portion of fund balance that has not been assigned to another fund or restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

I. Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

1. Other Resources

The general fund provides the basis of local resources for the special revenue fund. These transactions are recorded as "Transfers out" or "Transfer of local matching funds" in the General Fund and "Transfers in" or "Transfer of local matching funds" in the receiving fund.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Accounts and Awards Receivable

At June 30, 2014, accounts and awards receivable totaling \$669,328 consists of the following amounts due, principally from grantor agencies in the Special Revenue Fund:

General Fund	\$ 28,270
Special Revenue Fund	
Environmental Protection	4,870
Transportation	62,133
Economic and Physical Development	14,255
Human Services	559,800
	641,058
	\$ 669,328

2. Notes Receivable

Notes receivable at June 30, 2014 totaled \$12,621, and represented unpaid balances on loans to small businesses in eastern North Carolina. The loan program purpose is to create new jobs or maintain existing jobs in the region. The loan terms call for interest rates ranging from 6.5% to 9.0% and maturity dates range from July 2014 to August 2017. Payments are made monthly. The loans are collateralized in a number of ways depending on the business served. Types of collateral securing existing loans consist of: real estate, certificates of deposit, inventory, accounts receivable, vehicle titles, and life insurance policies. Certain notes have personal guarantees.

At June 30, 2014 the Council has not provided for a valuation allowance as it considers all outstanding loans to be fully collectible.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

The capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	Beginning Balances	A	dditions	Del	etions	Ending Balances
Capital assets being depreciated:						_
Council equipment	\$ 196,254	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 196,254
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Council equipment	(167,712)		(9,927)		-	(177,639)
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 28,542	\$	(9,927)	\$	-	\$ 18,615

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Fund \$ (9,927) \$ (9,927)

B. Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources

1. Deferred Inflows

Deferred inflows as of June 30, 2014 consist of the following balances in the governmental funds:

General Fund	
Receivables not collected within 90 days	\$ 5,744
0 115 5 1	
Special Revenue Fund	
Environmental Protection receivables not collected within 90 days	4,870
Transportation receivables not collected within 90 days	14,931
Total Special Revenue Funds	19,801
	<u>\$ 25,545</u>

2. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of long-term obligation changes for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental activities				_
Compensated absences	\$ 43,197	\$ 56,509	\$ 53,547	\$ 46,159

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

3. Pension Plan Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Council contributes to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the Council to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their annual covered salary. The Council is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the Council, the current rate for employees is 7.07% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of members and of the Council are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Council's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$34,498, \$41,211 and \$45,160, respectively. The contributions made by the Council equaled the required contributions for each year.

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan

Plan Description. The Council contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, a defined contribution retirement (401k) plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. Article 5 of G.S Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan is also included in the CAFR of the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Full time employees of the Council are eligible for the supplemental retirement plan. Under this plan, an employee may contribute a percentage of their annual gross salary as limited by federal tax laws. Additionally, the Council contributes 3% of an eligible employee's gross salary to the supplemental retirement plan, regardless of the employee's contribution. The Council's contribution to the 401(k) plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$14,638.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

4. Post Employment Benefits

The Council has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for Members of the Local Government Employees' Retirement System (the System), a multi-employer State administered cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. Lump sum death benefits are provided to employees who have completed one year as a contributing member in the System and (a) die in active service or (b) die within 180 days of retirement or termination of service. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries equal to the employee's 12 highest month's salary in a row during the 24 months prior to his or her death, but the benefit may not exceed \$20,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan.

The Council has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. Annually, the State sets the Council's monthly contribution rate for death benefits as a percentage of monthly payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the Council did not make any contributions to the State of North Carolina death benefits plan as none were required. Because the benefit payments are made by the Death Benefit Plan and not the Council, the Council does not determine the number of eligible participants.

5. Fund Balance

The Council has a revenue spending policy for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer works with the Department Director to insure the use of resources in the following hierarchy: federal funds, State funds, local funds, Council funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has Board authorization to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Council. The following shows to the public the portion of the General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance	\$ 530,848
Less:	
Stabilized by state statute	159,348
Remaining fund balance	\$ 371,500

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Summary Disclosure of Other Significant Commitments and Contingencies

A. Risk Management

The Council is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council participates in a self-funded risk financing pool administered by the North Carolina Association of County commissioners, transferring risk to the pool. Through this pool the Council obtains property insurance coverage of \$710,000 and general liability coverage of \$2 million. The pool is reinsured through commercial companies for single occurrence losses in excess of \$500,000 for property coverage and \$500,000 for general liability. The Council carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. Claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past five fiscal years.

The Council purchased public officials bonds for the Finance Officer, Executive Director and Development Director in the amount of \$50,000.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Council's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Council's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is individually bonded for \$100,000. In addition, all employees are bonded under a blanket employee dishonesty bond for \$250,000.

B. Operating Lease

The Council is committed under an office space lease, which is considered for accounting purposes to be an operating lease. The Council also has noncancelable leases for certain office equipment. Rent under these leases for the year ended June 30, 2014, amounted to \$52,396. Future minimum lease payments for the office and equipment leases are as follows:

-	otal Minimum ase Payments
	49,992
	46,288
	4,686
	3,828
\$	104,794

C. Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Council has received significant amounts of proceeds from federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies. Due to the Council's reliance on government funding sources, changes in State and federal budgets could have a significant effect on the Council's future operations.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 4. Related Party Transactions

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Council received and recorded dues revenues of \$162,889 from member governments, including Carteret, Craven, Duplin, Greene, Jones, Lenoir, Onslow, Pamlico and Wayne Counties and the municipalities within their boundaries.

Also during the year ended June 30, 2014, the Council expended the following amounts to member governments, in the form of pass-through monies:

Carteret County	\$	487,808
Craven County		636,695
Duplin County		458,340
Greene County		239,920
Jones County		157,106
Lenoir County		497,122
Onslow County		691,360
Pamlico County		205,220
Wayne County		843,695
	\$ 4	1,217,266

Amounts due to member counties at June 30, 2014 are presented separately on the statement of net position and balance sheet.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5. Pronouncements Issued, Not Yet Implemented

The GASB has issued several pronouncements prior to June 30, 2014 that have effective dates that may impact future financial presentations.

Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following statements may have on the financial statements of the Council.

GASB Statement Number 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27" will be effective for the Council beginning with its year ending June 30, 2015.

GASB Statement Number 69, "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations" will be effective for the Council beginning with its year ending June 30, 2015

GASB Statement Number 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment to GASB Statement No. 68 should be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement No. 68 which will be effective for the Council beginning with its year ending June 30, 2015.

Note 6. Commitments and Contingencies

The Agreement to Terminate the Financial Assistance Award for Convenience with the EDA related to the RLF in fiscal year 2012 did not relieve the Council of the obligation to pay the federal share on any amounts recovered on defaulted loans for a period of 10 years.

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Statement of Revenues and Expenditures General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Revenues	
Local	\$ 162,889
Interest	2
Contract revenues	86,592
Total revenues	249,483
Expenditures	
Compensation and benefits	141,158
Board and advisory expenses	15,541
Travel	5,113
Rent	50,311
Utilities and maintenance	27,859
Training	7,953
Dues and subscriptions	5,355
Supplies	23,568
Professional services	33,272
Regulatory expenses	243
Systems administration	15,371
Special projects	12,081
Miscellaneous	715
	338,540
Indirect costs allocated	(242,334)
Total expenditures	96,206
Revenues over expenditures	153,277
Operational matching transfers (out)	(117,844)
Revenues over expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ 35,433</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues and Expenditures by Program Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Er	nvironmental		conomic d Physical	Human	Spe	Total ecial Revenue
	Tra	nsportation		Protection	De	velopment	Services		Funds
Revenues									
Federal	\$	206,477	\$	13,470	\$	65,736	\$ 3,084,301	\$	3,369,984
State		20,589		-		-	1,831,425		1,852,014
Local		47,025		-		-	-		47,025
Interest		-		-		1,222	-		1,222
Contract revenues		-		-		-	3,952		3,952
Program fees		-		-		-	-		-
In-kind		-		-		1,887	2,830		4,717
Total revenues		274,091		13,470		68,845	4,922,508		5,278,914
Expenditures									
Direct support to counties, others		-		-		-	4,292,471		4,292,471
Compensation and benefits		159,354		15,396		66,605	346,924		588,279
Board and advisory expenses		-		-		-	2,641		2,641
Travel		15,836		286		4,373	35,981		56,476
Rent		612		-		240	1,233		2,085
Maintenance		6,457		-		1,807	9,914		18,178
Advertising		-		-		-	24,740		24,740
Training		689		-		953	5,074		6,716
Dues and publications		60		-		4,352	2,220		6,632
Supplies		3,501		1,070		1,521	18,383		24,475
Professional services		-		-		1,328	91,237		92,565
Systems administration		3,661		-		3,688	9,090		16,439
In-kind		-		-		1,887	2,830		4,717
Special projects		-		-		-	2,058		2,058
Indirect costs		66,746		1,587		28,271	145,730		242,334
Total expenditures		256,916		18,339		115,025	4,990,526		5,380,806
Revenues over (under) expenditures		17,175		(4,869)		(46,180)	(68,018)		(101,892)
Operational matching transfers in		-		-		42,717	75,127		117,844
Revenues and other financing sources									
over (under) expenditures	\$	17,175	\$	(4,869)	\$	(3,463)	\$ 7,109	\$	15,952

Schedule of Member Dues and Administrative Fees Revenue For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

County	
Carteret	\$ 24,076
Craven	34,402
Duplin	20,976
Greene	7,093
Jones	2,766
Lenoir	10,970
Onslow	14,020
Pamlico	4,951
Wayne	 43,635
	\$ 162,889

Schedule of Indirect Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

			FY 2014 Indirect Rate
Indirect Rate Calculation			
Total indirect expenditures fiscal year 2013 (budgeted) Total direct salaries fiscal year 2013 (budgeted)	=	\$ 285,415 611,533	46.7%
Total Direct Salaries fiscal year 2014		 455,282	
General Fund Charges Special Revenue Fund Charges		 13,854 242,334	
Total Indirect costs charged fiscal year 2014		\$ 256,188	

The Council does not use a Fringe Benefit Rate. Fringe Benefits are charged directly to the program or cost center by staff person.

Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Agency Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	E	Balance					E	Balance
	Jur	ne 30, 2013	-	Additions	D	eductions	Jun	e 30, 2014
Assets								_
Cash	\$	-	\$	232,210	\$	232,210	\$	-
Accounts receivable		13,988		11,048		13,988		11,048
Total assets	\$	13,988	\$	243,258	\$	246,198	\$	11,048
Liabilities								
Escrow funds	\$	-	\$	232,210	\$	232,210	\$	-
Accounts payable		13,988		11,048		13,988		11,048
Total liabilities	\$	13,988	\$	243,258	\$	246,198	\$	11,048

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Executive Committee
Neuse River Council of Governments d/b/a Eastern Carolina Council
New Bern, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Neuse River Council of Governments d/b/a Eastern Carolina Council (the "Council"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Council's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 10, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

New Bern, North Carolina

McGladrey LCP

November 10, 2014



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

To the Executive Committee
Neuse River Council of Governments d/b/a Eastern Carolina Council
New Bern, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Neuse River Council of Governments d/b/a Eastern Carolina Council's (the "Council's") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Council's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Council's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Council's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Council's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Council's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Council complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Council is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Council's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

New Bern, North Carolina November 10, 2014

McGladrey LLP

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section I - Summary of Independent Auditor's Results		
Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued:	U	nmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(as) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes Yes	✓ No ✓ None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	No
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes Yes	No None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	U	Inmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133? Identification of major federal programs:	Yes	No
CFDA Number	Program Name or Clusto	۵r
Aging Cluster 93.044 93.045	Special Programs for the Grants for Supportive Se	e Aging - Title III, Part B - ervices and Senior Centers e Aging - Title III, Part C -
93.053	Nutrition Services Nutrition Services Incen	
93.667	Social Services Block G	rant
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	\$ 300,000	_
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes	No
(Contin	nued)	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2014

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

No findings noted in fiscal year 2014

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings noted in fiscal year 2014

Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2014

No findings noted for fiscal year 2014.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2014

No prior year audit findings.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor Number	Federal Expenditures	State Expenditures	Total Expenditures
Federal Programs			•	•	•
US Department of Health & Human Services					
Passed through NC Dept of Health and Human Services					
Division of Aging & Adult Services					
Aging Cluster:					
(93.044, 93.045 & 93.053):					
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III B	93.044	NC-15			
Planning and administration			\$ 62,966	\$ 3,314	\$ 66,280
Ombudsman			82,401	4,847	87,248
Ombudsman - 90% State Funds			-	23,675	23,675
Legal Services			21,986	1,157	23,143
Access			668,540	39,326	707,866
In Home/Support Services - 90% State Funds			-	1,387,805	1,387,805
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III C	93.045	NC-15			
Planning and Administration			110,122	5,796	115,918
Congregate Meals			814,377	35,901	850,278
Home Delivered Meals			501,026	29,472	530,498
Home Delivered Meals - 90% State			-	142,239	142,239
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NISP)	93.053	*	244,917	-	244,917
Total Aging Cluster			2,506,335	1,673,532	4,179,867
Medicare Improvement for Patients and Providers	93.518	NC-15	24,450	-	24,450
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III D	93.043	NC-15			
Preventive Health			40,920	2,154	43,074
Social Services Block Grant In-home	93.667	NC-15	142,314	4,066	146,380
Elder Abuse Prevention	93.041	NC-15			
Title VII Elder Abuse			7,694	405	8,099
Special Programs for the Aging - Title VII E	93.042	NC-15			
Ombudsman			20,333	1,196	21,529
Money Follows the Person					
Rebalancing Demonstration	93.791	NC-15	53,850	-	53,850
National Family Caregiver Support Program	93.052	NC-15			
Planning and administration			41,005	2,158	43,163
Family Caregiver Services			246,291	16,493	262,784
Total Family Caregiver Services			287,296	18,651	305,947
Total US Department of Health and Human Service	200		3,083,192	1,700,004	4,783,196

(Continued)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor Number	Federal State Expenditures Expenditure		Total Expenditures
US Department of Commerce					
Direct Program					
Economic Development Administration					
(EDA) Supplemental	11.302	04-83-06129	\$ 65,736	\$ -	\$ 65,736
US Environmental Protection Agency					
Passed through the NC Department					
of Environment and Natural Resources					
Storm Water Infrastructure Town of River Bend	66.454	-	13,470	-	13,470
US Department of Transportation					
Passed through the NC Department					
of Transportation					
State Planning & Research Rural					
East Carolina RPO	20.205-8	-	91,954	-	91,954
Down East RPO	20.205-8	-	97,106	-	97,106
Total US Department of Transportation			189,060	-	189,060
State Grants					
NC Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed through Division of Aging & Adult Services					
Title III P&A / AAA Administration	-	NC-15	-	47,397	47,397
Senior Center Development / General Purpose	-	NC-15	-	83,407	83,407
Operation Fan	-	NC-15		5,298	5,298
Total NC Department of Health and Human Serv	ices			136,102	136,102
NC Department of Transportation					
Regional Bicycle Planning Grant	-	DOT-24		20,589	20,589
Total assistance expended			\$ 3,351,458	\$ 1,856,695	\$ 5,208,153

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (Continued) Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2014

The accompanying schedule represents the activity of all federal and state financial assistance programs of Neuse River Council of Governments d/b/a Eastern Carolina Council. All federal and State financial assistance received directly or indirectly from federal and State agencies are included in the Schedule.

Note 1.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards includes the federal and State grant activity of Neuse River Council of Governments d/b/a Eastern Carolina Council and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and the State Single Audit implementation Act*. Therefore some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

(Continued)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (Continued) Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2014

Note 2. Subrecipients

Wayne County

Federal and State awards which have been passed-through to subrecipients by program:

		Federal CFDA/ State Pass-through	Federal and
Program		Number	State Amount
Carteret County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	93.667	\$ 24,449
Craven County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	93.667	19,512
Duplin County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	93.667	8,159
Greene County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	93.667	3,588
Jones County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	93.667	485
Lenoir County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	93.667	21,283
Onslow County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	93.667	33,762
Pamlico County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	93.667	14,016
Wayne County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	93.667	21,126
Carteret County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	NC-15	228,965
Craven County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	NC-15	180,999
Duplin County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	NC-15	74,277
Greene County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	NC-15	87,765
Jones County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	NC-15	17,370
Lenoir County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	NC-15	270,827
Onslow County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	NC-15	328,301
Pamlico County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	NC-15	104,654
Wayne County	HCCBG - In Home/Support Services	NC-15	89,966
Carteret County	HCCBG - Access	93.044	77,825
Craven County	HCCBG - Access	93.044	167,387
Duplin County	HCCBG - Access	93.044	82,919
Greene County	HCCBG - Access	93.044	34,643
Jones County	HCCBG - Access	93.044	23,607
Lenoir County	HCCBG - Access	93.044	76,307
Onslow County	HCCBG - Access	93.044	98,605

(Continued)

93.044

146,573

HCCBG - Access

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (Continued) Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2014

Note 2. Subrecipients (Continued)

		Federal CFDA/ State	
	Program	Pass-through	Federal and
Subrecipient	Name	Number	State Amount
Carteret County	HCCBG - Congregate Meals	93.045	\$ 78,344
Craven County	HCCBG - Congregate Meals	93.045	45,261
Duplin County	HCCBG - Congregate Meals	93.045	150,898
Greene County	HCCBG - Congregate Meals	93.045	40,644
Jones County	HCCBG - Congregate Meals	93.045	46,763
Lenoir County	HCCBG - Congregate Meals	93.045	70,074
Onslow County	HCCBG - Congregate Meals	93.045	80,603
Pamlico County	HCCBG - Congregate Meals	93.045	34,664
Wayne County	HCCBG - Congregate Meals	93.045	303,027
Carteret County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	93.045	29,118
Craven County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	93.045	121,680
Duplin County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	93.045	76,343
Greene County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	93.045	29,181
Jones County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	93.045	38,593
Lenoir County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	93.045	38,534
Onslow County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	93.045	44,200
Pamlico County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	93.045	18,370
Wayne County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	93.045	134,480
Carteret County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	NC-15	14,863
Craven County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	NC-15	18,759
Duplin County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	NC-15	12,610
Greene County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	NC-15	10,697
Jones County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	NC-15	11,480
Lenoir County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	NC-15	5,884
Onslow County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	NC-15	22,755
Pamlico County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	NC-15	10,079
Wayne County	HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals	NC-15	35,111

(Continued)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (Continued) Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2014

Note 2. Subrecipients (Continued)

		Federal CFDA/	
		State	
	Program	Pass-through	Federal and
Subrecipient	Name	Number	State Amount
Carteret County	USDA Nutrition	93.053	\$ 15,309
Craven County	USDA Nutrition	93.053	32,020
Duplin County	USDA Nutrition	93.053	39,190
Greene County	USDA Nutrition	93.053	13,397
Jones County	USDA Nutrition	93.053	12,957
Lenoir County	USDA Nutrition	93.053	14,213
Onslow County	USDA Nutrition	93.053	27,860
Pamlico County	USDA Nutrition	93.053	11,649
Wayne County	USDA Nutrition	93.053	78,322
Legal Aid of North Carolina	Legal Services	93.044	23,143
Carteret Senior Services	Senior Center Outreach and General Purpose	NC-15	11,679
Havelock Senior Center	Senior Center Outreach and General Purpose	NC-15	3,893
Craven Department of Social Services	Senior Center Outreach and General Purpose	NC-15	3,893
Duplin Services on Aging	Senior Center Outreach and General Purpose	NC-15	3,893
Greene County Senior Services	Senior Center Outreach and General Purpose	NC-15	11,680
Jones Co-op Extension	Senior Center Outreach and General Purpose	NC-15	3,890
Lenoir County Council on Aging	Senior Center Outreach and General Purpose	NC-15	11,679
Onslow Senior Services	Senior Center Outreach and General Purpose	NC-15	11,679
Pamlico Senior Services	Senior Center Outreach and General Purpose	NC-15	9,442
Wayne Services of Aging	Senior Center Outreach and General Purpose	NC-15	11,679
Carteret Senior Services	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III D	93.043	6,532
Craven Department of Social Services	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III D	93.043	6,914
Duplin Services on Aging	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III D	93.043	4,857
Greene County Senior Services	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III D	93.043	2,285
Jones Co-op Extension	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III D	93.043	1,699
Lenoir County Council on Aging	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III D	93.043	5,108
Onslow Senior Services	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III D	93.043	6,691
Pamlico Senior Services	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III D	93.043	2,066
Wayne Services of Aging	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III D	93.043	6,922

(Continued)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (Continued) Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2014

Note 2. Subrecipients (Continued)

		Federal CFDA/ State		
	Program	Pass-through	Federal and	
Subrecipient	Name			ate Amount
Coastal Community Action	National Family Caregiver Support Program	93.052		25,067
Craven Department of Social Services	National Family Caregiver Support Program	93.052	•	35,691
Duplin Services on Aging	National Family Caregiver Support Program	93.052		4,728
Greene Home Health	National Family Caregiver Support Program	93.052		5,760
Lenoir County Council on Aging	National Family Caregiver Support Program	93.052		9,722
Onslow Senior Services	National Family Caregiver Support Program	93.052		36,104
Wayne Services of Aging	National Family Caregiver Support Program	93.052		15,175
Carteret Community Action	Operation Fan	NC-15		724
Craven Department of Social Services	Operation Fan	NC-15		686
Duplin Services on Aging	Operation Fan	NC-15		466
Greene County Senior Services	Operation Fan	NC-15		280
Jones Co-op Extension	Operation Fan	NC-15		262
Lenoir County Council on Aging	Operation Fan	NC-15		486
Onslow Senior Services	Operation Fan	NC-15		800
Pamlico Senior Services	Operation Fan	NC-15		280
Wayne Services of Aging	Operation Fan	NC-15		1,314
Total Federal and State Award	s	•		
Passed-Through to Subreipi	ents			
For Aging Programs		<u>-</u>	\$	4,292,471
		•		
Total Federal and State Awards Passe	d-Through to Subrecipients Summary by Program			
HCCBG - In Home/Support Services		93.044	\$	1,383,124
HCCBG - Access		93.044		707,866
HCCBG - Congregate Meals		93.045		850,278
HCCBG - Home Delivered Meals		93.045		672,737
Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NIS	SP)	93.053		244,917
Legal Services		93.044		23,143
Senior Center Outreach and General Pur	rpose	NC-15		83,407
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III	D	93.043		43,074
National Family Caregiver Support Progr	am	93.052		132,247
Social Services Block Grant		93.667		146,380
Operation Fan		NC-15		5,298
Total Federal and State Award	s	·		
Passed-Through to Subreipi	ents			
For Aging Programs		-	\$	4,292,471